

SISTEMAS DE CONTROLO - FORMULÁRIO

Transformadas de Laplace retiradas de Richard C. Dorf and Robert H. Bishop, Modern Control Systems, 7ª ed., Addison Wesley, 1995.

$F(s)$	$f(t), t \geq 0$
1. 1	$\delta(t_0)$, unit impulse at $t = t_0$
2. $1/s$	1, unit step
3. $\frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$	t^n
4. $\frac{1}{(s + a)}$	e^{-at}
5. $\frac{1}{(s + a)^n}$	$\frac{1}{(n - 1)!} t^{n-1} e^{-at}$
6. $\frac{a}{s(s + a)}$	$1 - e^{-at}$
7. $\frac{1}{(s + a)(s + b)}$	$\frac{1}{(b - a)} (e^{-at} - e^{-bt})$
8. $\frac{s + \alpha}{(s + a)(s + b)}$	$\frac{1}{(b - a)} [(\alpha - a)e^{-at} - (\alpha - b)e^{-bt}]$
9. $\frac{ab}{s(s + a)(s + b)}$	$1 - \frac{b}{(b - a)} e^{-at} + \frac{a}{(b - a)} e^{-bt}$
10. $\frac{1}{(s + a)(s + b)(s + c)}$	$\frac{e^{-at}}{(b - a)(c - a)} + \frac{e^{-bt}}{(c - a)(a - b)} + \frac{e^{-ct}}{(a - c)(b - c)}$
11. $\frac{s + \alpha}{(s + a)(s + b)(s + c)}$	$\frac{(\alpha - a)e^{-at}}{(b - a)(c - a)} + \frac{(\alpha - b)e^{-bt}}{(c - b)(a - b)} + \frac{(\alpha - c)e^{-ct}}{(a - c)(b - c)}$
12. $\frac{ab(s + \alpha)}{s(s + a)(s + b)}$	$\alpha - \frac{b(\alpha - a)}{(b - a)} e^{-at} + \frac{a(\alpha - b)}{(b - a)} e^{-bt}$
13. $\frac{\omega}{s^2 + \omega^2}$	$\sin \omega t$
14. $\frac{s}{s^2 + \omega^2}$	$\cos \omega t$
15. $\frac{s + \alpha}{s^2 + \omega^2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{\alpha^2 + \omega^2}}{\omega} \sin(\omega t + \phi), \phi = \tan^{-1} \omega/\alpha$

16. $\frac{\omega}{(s+a)^2 + \omega^2}$	$e^{-at} \sin \omega t$
17. $\frac{(s+a)}{(s+a)^2 + \omega^2}$	$e^{-at} \cos \omega t$
18. $\frac{s+\alpha}{(s+a)^2 + \omega^2}$	$\frac{1}{\omega} [(\alpha-a)^2 + \omega^2]^{1/2} e^{-at} \sin(\omega t + \phi),$ $\phi = \tan^{-1} \frac{\omega}{\alpha-a}$
19. $\frac{\omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$	$\frac{\omega_n}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}} e^{-\zeta\omega_n t} \sin \omega_n \sqrt{1-\zeta^2} t, \quad \zeta < 1$
20. $\frac{1}{s[(s+a)^2 + \omega^2]}$	$\frac{1}{a^2 + \omega^2} + \frac{1}{\omega\sqrt{a^2 + \omega^2}} e^{-at} \sin(\omega t - \phi),$ $\phi = \tan^{-1} \omega/a$
21. $\frac{\omega_n^2}{s(s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2)}$	$1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}} e^{-\zeta\omega_n t} \sin(\omega_n \sqrt{1-\zeta^2} t + \phi),$ $\phi = \cos^{-1} \zeta, \quad \zeta < 1$
22. $\frac{(s+\alpha)}{s[(s+a)^2 + \omega^2]}$	$\frac{\alpha}{a^2 + \omega^2} + \frac{1}{\omega} \left[\frac{(\alpha-a)^2 + \omega^2}{a^2 + \omega^2} \right]^{1/2} e^{-at} \sin(\omega t + \phi),$ $\phi = \tan^{-1} \frac{\omega}{\alpha-a} - \tan^{-1} \frac{\omega}{-a}$
23. $\frac{1}{(s+c)[(s+a)^2 + \omega^2]}$	$\frac{e^{-ct}}{(c-a)^2 + \omega^2} + \frac{e^{-at} \sin(\omega t + \phi)}{\omega[(c-a)^2 + \omega^2]^{1/2}}, \quad \phi = \tan^{-1} \frac{\omega}{c-a}$

Parâmetros dum sistema de 2ª ordem:

$$G(s) = \frac{\omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$$

Sobreelevação S(%): $S(\%) = 100e^{-\frac{\zeta\pi}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}}}$

Tempo de pico T_p : $T_p = \frac{\pi}{\omega_n \sqrt{1-\zeta^2}}$

Tempo de estabelecimento T_s : $T_s = \frac{3}{\zeta\omega_n}$