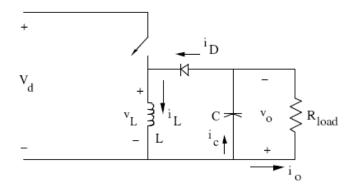
LAB 06

Step-down/Up dc-dc (Buck-Boost) Converter



Nominal Values:

$$V_{d} = 8.5 \text{ V}$$

$$L = 10 \mu H$$

$$rL = 10 \text{ m}\Omega$$

$$C=100\,\mu F$$

$$R_{load} = 8 \Omega$$

$$f_S = 100 \text{ kHz}$$

switch duty ratio
$$D = 0.75$$

Problems

- In steady state, obtain the following waveforms using Buck-Boost:
 - (a) vL and iL
 - (b) v_O, i_O and i_C.

2.

Increase the load resistance to $80~\Omega$. Obtain v_L and i_L waveforms in the discontinuous conduction mode [Hint: use V(o) = 28~V and $I_L(0) = 0$]. Check if the results agree with the analytical calculations.

$$V_o = D \ V_d \ \sqrt{\frac{I_{oB, max}}{I_o}}$$

$$I_{oB,\text{max}} = \frac{T_s V_o}{2L}$$

3. Calculate a analytical D

$$D = \frac{V_o}{V_d} \sqrt{\frac{I_o}{I_{oB,\text{max}}}}$$

so that V_o is kept constant to the same value as in continuous mode and check to see if results agree with the analytical calculations.

- 4. Obtain the peak-to-peak ripple in the output voltage and check to see if results agree with the analytical calculations.
- 5. Calculate the rms value of the current through the output capacitor as a ratio of the average load current Io